## PERSUASIVE AIMS



## RECAP AND REFLECTION







**Target Audiences** 

**Persuasive Aims** 

**Story** 

**Creative Formats** 







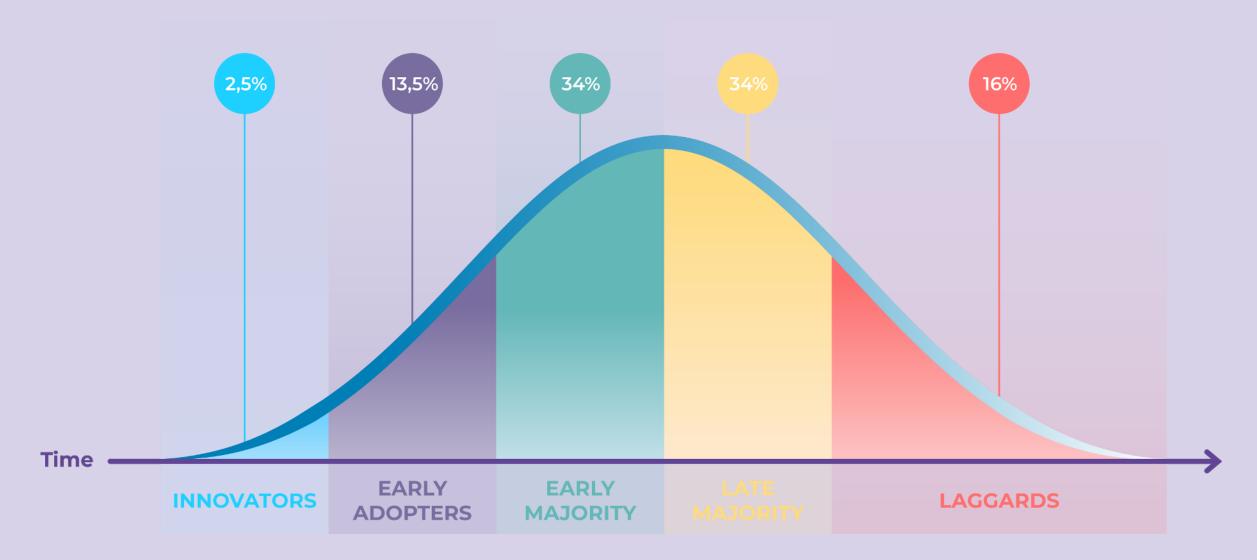






What was a good learning experience?

What was a bad learning experience?





# Learning Domains

**KNOWLEDGE** 



Information

**SKILLS** 



**Abilities** 

**ATTITUDE** 



Beliefs

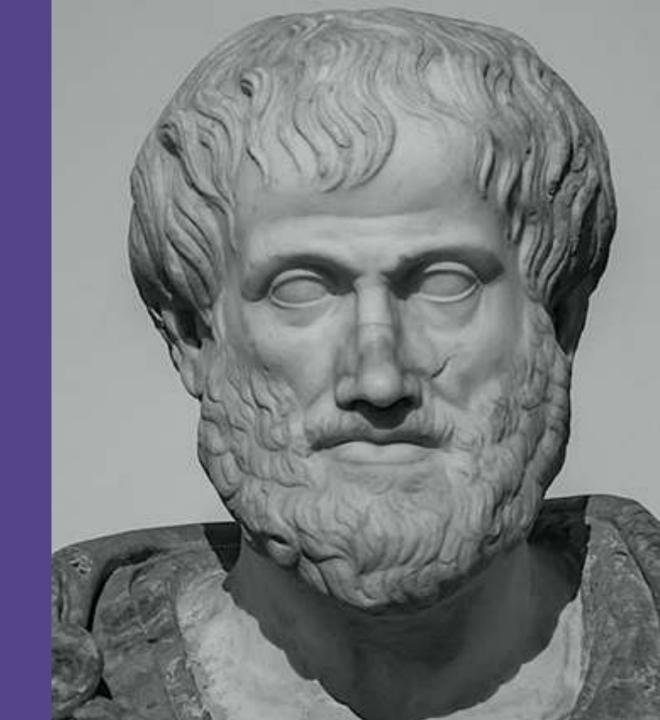


### Persuasion

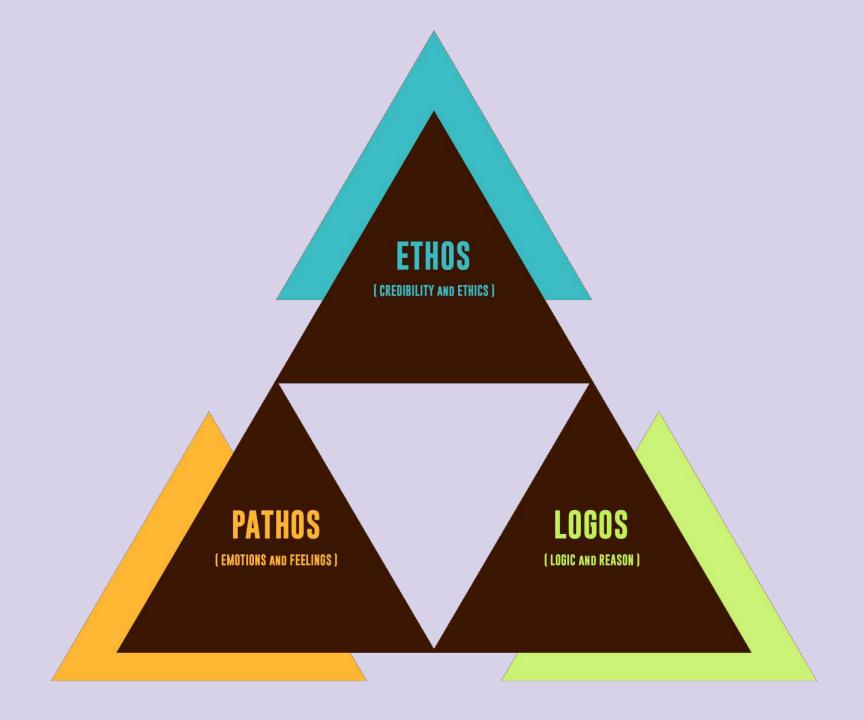
In order to change behaviour, we need to persuade.

## Persuasion is learning with **EMOTION**.

You need to persuade people if you want to add skills or attitudes.

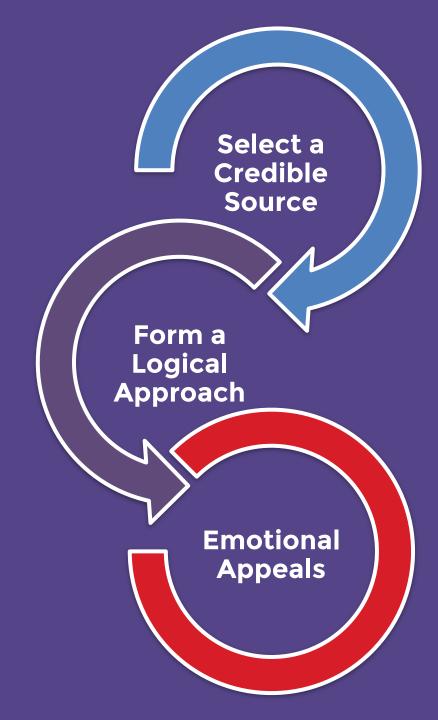




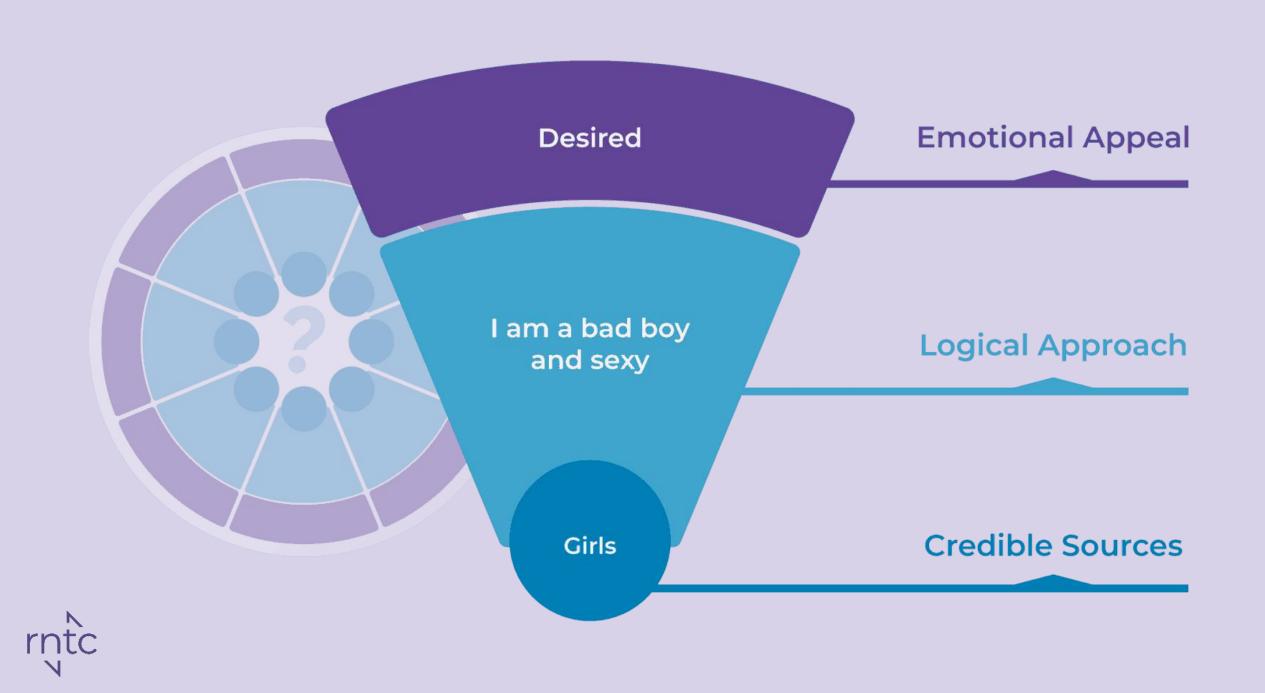


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# Three Steps in Persuading People







### **Credible Sources**

People we trust to get information from.

Who are credible sources for your audience?











Who do you trust to get your information from?





Experts (Lowest)

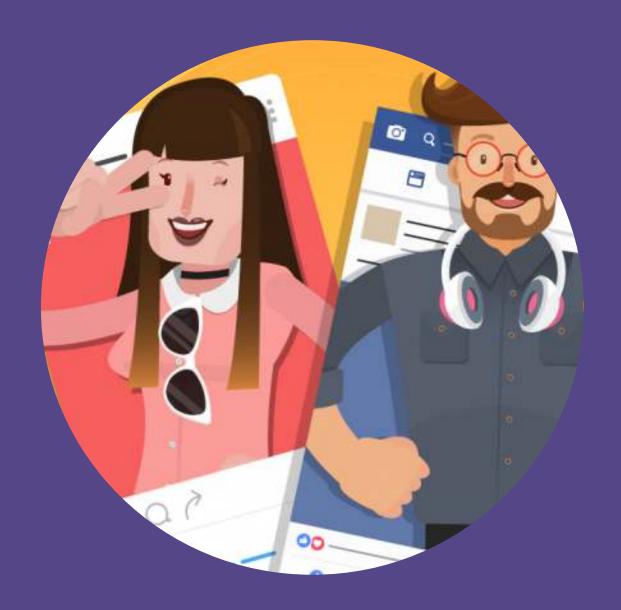
Community Leaders (Lower)

Role Models (Medium) Celebrities (High) People Like Us (Highest)









Studies have shown that the credibility of a social media peer endorser/influencer depends on the factors of:

- trustworthiness
- expertise
- attractiveness
- similarity







## Logical Approach

The starting point is essential, you must understand the logic of your audience.
What are their current beliefs?



# Why do businessmen wear neckties?







### **Emotional Appeal**

Behaviour is belief + emotional payoffs. Emotion persuades us.

Positive emotional messages are preferred over negative ones.







Appeals used frequently in advertising:

**Social Appeal** 

**Scarcity Appeal** 

**Sex Appeal** 

**Class Appeal** 

**Adventure Appeal** 

**Youth Appeal** 













#### VIDEO 1





### VIDEO 2











- 1. Which video carries more information?
- 2. Which one has more emotion?
- 3. Which one do you connect with more, why?



#### **CASE STUDY**

**Vote Yes Ireland** 

"We knew that the frame of equal citizenship captured people. They cared about fairness and equality."

Thus, the campaign focused on these positive messages.















#### FLIP THE TARGET AUDIENCE STATEMENT

- GOAL: Take the Target Audience Statement and create a new agreed reality. This is the change you wish to make!
  - **Target Question:** Why do some government officers in South Africa take bribes?
  - Influencer: peers from independence struggle
  - Agreed Reality: We fought for this and we deserve it!
  - Feeling: confidence
  - TAS: Some Government officers in SA take bribes because peers from independence struggle believe we fought for this and we deserve it and that makes us feel confident



#### PERSUASIVE AIM STATEMENT

 Government officers in SA who take bribes regret taking bribes and see bribes as robbing the country. Not taking bribes makes them feel proud and confident.

Government officers in SA who take bribes INFLUENCER - PEOPLE LIKE US

Regret taking bribes and see bribes as robbing the country LOGICAL APPROACH & NEW AGREED REALITY

Not taking bribes makes them feel proud and confident.

NEW EMOTIONAL APPEAL



#### **PERSUASIVE AIM**

What is your persuasive aim?

Target audience statement +
New agreed reality +
New influencer +
New emotional appeal











#### **EXAMPLE: "LIKE A GIRL" ALWAYS VIDEO**

TA statement: Young British girls just around puberty who stop playing sports because they think their friends will see them as ungirly which makes them feel insecure that

Old influencer: your friends

New agreed reality: will admire you playing sport

because it makes you a leader

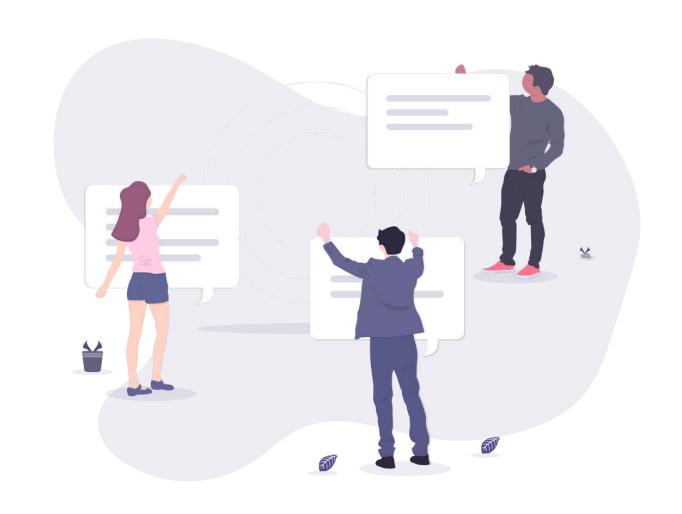
New emotion: and you will feel secure.



#### **ASSIGNMENT**

Turn your Target Audience Statement into a Persuasive Aim Statement

Be ready to describe the choice of *Credible Source*, the *Logical Appeal* and *new Agreed Reality* and the *new Emotional Appeal*.





# QUESTIONS









What is your key takeaway from this session?

## Thank you!

